

DO NOW

Find the derivative of $f(x) = 2x^3(3x - 5)$

$$f(x) = 6x^4 - 10x^3$$

$$f'(x) = 24x^3 - 30x^2$$

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3.3 Product and Quotient Rules

The Product Rule:

$$\frac{d}{dx}[f(x)g(x)] = f(x)g'(x) + g(x)f'(x)$$

1st (derivative of 2nd) + 2nd (derivative of 1st)

Extension:

$$\frac{d}{dx}[f(x)g(x)h(x)] = f'(x)g(x)h(x) + f(x)g'(x)h(x) + f(x)g(x)h'(x)$$

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Prove the product rule.

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{d}{dx}[f(x)g(x)] &= \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x+\Delta x)g(x+\Delta x) - f(x)g(x)}{\Delta x} \\ &= \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x+\Delta x)g(x+\Delta x) - f(x+\Delta x)g(x) + f(x+\Delta x)g(x) - f(x)g(x)}{\Delta x} \\ &= \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \left[\frac{f(x+\Delta x)(g(x+\Delta x) - g(x))}{\Delta x} + \frac{f(x+\Delta x)g(x) - f(x)g(x)}{\Delta x} \right] \\ &= \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \left[f(x+\Delta x) \frac{g(x+\Delta x) - g(x)}{\Delta x} + g(x) \frac{f(x+\Delta x) - f(x)}{\Delta x} \right] \\ &= f(x)g'(x) + g(x)f'(x) \end{aligned}$$

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Examples: Find the derivatives of each function.

1. $f(x) = 2x^3(3x - 5)$

$$f'(x) = 1^{\text{st}}(\text{deriv of } 2^{\text{nd}}) + 2^{\text{nd}}(\text{deriv of } 1^{\text{st}})$$

$$f'(x) = 2x^3(3) + (3x - 5)(6x^2)$$

$$f'(x) = 6x^3 + 18x^3 - 30x^2$$

$$f'(x) = 24x^3 - 30x^2$$

2. $h(t) = (2t - 4t^2)(3 - t)$

$$h'(t) = (2t - 4t^2)(-1) + (3 - t)(2 - 8t)$$

$$h'(t) = -2t + 4t^2 + 6 - 24t - 2t + 8t^2$$

$$h'(t) = 12t^2 - 28t + 6$$

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3. $g(x) = xe^x$

1st function: e^x
2nd function: x

$$g'(x) = x(e^x) + e^x(1)$$

$$g'(x) = xe^x + e^x$$

$$g'(x) = e^x(x + 1)$$

4. $y = 2x \cos x - 2 \sin x$

$$y' = 2x(-\sin x) + (\cos x)(2) - 2 \cos x$$

$$y' = -2x \sin x + 2 \cos x - 2 \cos x$$

$$y' = -2x \sin x$$

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The Quotient Rule:

$$\frac{d}{dx} \left[\frac{f(x)}{g(x)} \right] = \frac{g(x)f'(x) - f(x)g'(x)}{[g(x)]^2}$$

denom. (derivative of num.) - num. (derivative of denom.)
(denom.)²

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Prove the quotient rule.

$$\begin{aligned} \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x+\Delta x) - f(x)}{\Delta x} & \quad \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x+\Delta x) - f(x)}{\Delta x} \\ \frac{d}{dx} \left[\frac{f(x)}{g(x)} \right] & \quad \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{f(x+\Delta x) - f(x)}{\Delta x}}{\frac{g(x+\Delta x) - g(x)}{\Delta x}} \quad \text{*Multiply top & bottom by } g(x)g(x+\Delta x) \\ \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x+\Delta x)g(x) - f(x)g(x+\Delta x)}{(\Delta x)g(x)g(x+\Delta x)} & \\ \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x+\Delta x)g(x) - f(x)g(x) + f(x)g(x) - f(x)g(x+\Delta x)}{(\Delta x)g(x)g(x+\Delta x)} & \\ \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{f(x+\Delta x)g(x) - f(x)g(x)}{\Delta x} + \frac{f(x)g(x) - f(x)g(x+\Delta x)}{\Delta x}}{g(x)g(x+\Delta x)} & \end{aligned}$$

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$$\begin{aligned} \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x+\Delta x)g(x) - f(x)g(x)}{\Delta x} + \frac{f(x)g(x) - f(x)g(x+\Delta x)}{\Delta x} & \\ \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{g(x) \frac{f(x+\Delta x) - f(x)}{\Delta x} - f(x) \frac{g(x+\Delta x) - g(x)}{\Delta x}}{g(x)g(x+\Delta x)} & \\ \frac{g(x)f'(x) - f(x)g'(x)}{[g(x)]^2} & \end{aligned}$$

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Examples:

$$\begin{aligned} 5. f(x) &= \frac{3x^2 - 5x}{2x^3} \\ f'(x) &= \frac{2x^3(6x - 5) - (3x^2 - 5x)(6x^2)}{(2x^3)^2} \\ f'(x) &= \frac{12x^4 - 10x^3 - 18x^4 + 30x^3}{4x^6} \\ f'(x) &= \frac{-6x^4 + 20x^3}{4x^6} \\ f'(x) &= \frac{2x^3(-3x + 10)}{4x^6} \\ f'(x) &= \frac{-3x + 10}{2x^3} \end{aligned}$$

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$$\begin{aligned} 6. y &= \frac{2x^3}{x-5} \\ y' &= \frac{(x-5)(6x^2) - 2x^3(1)}{(x-5)^2} \\ y' &= \frac{6x^3 - 30x^2 - 2x^3}{(x-5)^2} \\ y' &= \frac{4x^3 - 30x^2}{(x-5)^2} \\ y' &= \frac{2x^2(2x - 15)}{(x-5)^2} \end{aligned}$$

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Rules for simplifying:

1. Eliminate all negative exponents.
2. Combine like terms.
3. Reduce all fractions.
4. Leave written as a single fraction if possible.
5. Leave denominator in factored form.

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HOMEWORK

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